In the Matter of:

ESTATE OF PATRICK HARMON, SR., et al.

VS

SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION, et al.

KRIS SMITH

June 16, 2022



Case 2:19-cy-00553-HCN-CMR Document 80-5 Filed 10/28/22 Page D 1195 Page 2 of 44 KRIS SMITH - 06/16/2022

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IN THE UNITED STAT	ES DISTRICT COURT	1		TH, WITNESS	
STATE OF UTAH, C		2		EXAMINATION	PAGI
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ESTATE OF PATRICK HARMON,		4	_	Certificate	11:
) No. 2:19-cv-00553-HCN-CMR	5	Witness	Certificate	11-
as Personal Representative of the Estate of Patrick		6			
Harmon, Sr., and heir of		7	INDEX OF	EXHIBITS	
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radiorrio,	,)		No. 2	Color Photograph Bates-stamped	10
vs.)	10		SLCPD001769	
)	11			
SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION,		12			
a municipality; and OFFICER CLINTON FOX, in his) }	13			
individual capacity,	,)	14			
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DEFENDANTS.)	16			
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APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL:		1	SALT	LAKE CITY, UTAH, JUNE 16, 2022, 9:04	1 7\ M
FOR PLAINTIFFS.		_			A.M.
FOR PLAINTIFFS: Nicholas A. Lutz		2		* * * *	i A.M.
	, LLC				A.M.
Nicholas A. Lutz		2		* * * * * KRIS SMITH,	
Nicholas A. Lutz RATHOD MOHAMEDBHAI 2701 Lawrence Stre- Denver, Colorado 8	et, Suite 100	2 3 4	called	* * * * * * KRIS SMITH, as a witness herein, having been fir	rst duly
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1	Page 5	1	Page 7 A. No. None at all.
1	Q. Okay. So a lot of this is going to be	1	
2	familiar to you, but I want to go over sort of the	2	Q. Okay. Can I ask you what you did to prepare
3	protocols first, so there are just a couple of ground	3	for your deposition today?
4	rules, the most important being that because we have a	4	A. I met with our attorney and re not rehash,
5	court reporter here taking down everything that we say,	5	but reviewed everything from the events from that
6	it's important that we don't talk over each other.	6	night.
7	So I will wait for you to finish your answer	7	Q. Okay. Did you review any documents?
8	before I start asking another question and if you could	8	A. No.
9	do the same, wait for me to finish the question before	9	Q. Did you speak to anyone other than
10	you answer, that will be very helpful.	10	Ms. Nichols?
11	A. Okay.	11	A. In preparation for this?
12	Q. Along the same lines, it's important that we	12	Q. Yeah.
13	give verbal answers for every question. So things like	13	A. No.
14	nodding or mm-hms don't come across on the transcript	14	O. Neither of the other officers?
15	well, so using yes, no, and verbal language is	15	A. No.
16	important.	16	Q. And by that I mean Officers Fox or Robinson.
17	A. (Nods head.)	17	A. Yeah. No, I haven't spoken to any of them in
	,		
18	Okay.	18	preparation for this.
19	Q. If you don't know the answer to something I	19	Q. Okay. You said you had been deposed once
20	ask, just tell me. It's perfectly okay if you really	20	before. What was that case?
21	don't know. I'll try to take breaks pretty regularly.	21	A. It was a traffic accident.
22	I think we're only scheduled for half day today, so I	22	Q. And what was your role?
23	don't think you're in for the long run, but all the	23	A. I was the investigating officer.
24	same, it's, you know, we'll take breaks as needed. If	24	Q. Okay. And so there was a civil case that
25	you want to take a break at any time, just say so and	25	came out of that?
	Daga		Dave 0
1	Page 6	1	Page 8
1	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's	1	A. Correct.
2	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending.	2	A. Correct. Q. Okay. When was that?
2 3	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending. Your attorney, Ms. Nichols, will probably	2 3	A. Correct.Q. Okay. When was that?A. I don't remember, but easily five, six years
2 3 4	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending. Your attorney, Ms. Nichols, will probably occasionally object to some of the questions I ask.	2 3 4	A. Correct.Q. Okay. When was that?A. I don't remember, but easily five, six years ago.
2 3 4 5	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending. Your attorney, Ms. Nichols, will probably occasionally object to some of the questions I ask. Generally speaking, you can just still answer the	2 3 4 5	A. Correct. Q. Okay. When was that? A. I don't remember, but easily five, six years ago. Q. Okay. Do you recall what court?
2 3 4 5	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending. Your attorney, Ms. Nichols, will probably occasionally object to some of the questions I ask. Generally speaking, you can just still answer the question. The exception to that is if she instructs	2 3 4 5 6	A. Correct. Q. Okay. When was that? A. I don't remember, but easily five, six years ago. Q. Okay. Do you recall what court? A. It was here in Salt Lake.
2 3 4 5	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending. Your attorney, Ms. Nichols, will probably occasionally object to some of the questions I ask. Generally speaking, you can just still answer the question. The exception to that is if she instructs you not to answer, that will happen usually in matters	2 3 4 5 6 7	A. Correct. Q. Okay. When was that? A. I don't remember, but easily five, six years ago. Q. Okay. Do you recall what court? A. It was here in Salt Lake. Q. Do you have any idea what the outcome of the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	we'll do it. The only exception to that is if there's a question pending. Your attorney, Ms. Nichols, will probably occasionally object to some of the questions I ask. Generally speaking, you can just still answer the question. The exception to that is if she instructs you not to answer, that will happen usually in matters of privilege like attorney-client privilege. As a	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Correct. Q. Okay. When was that? A. I don't remember, but easily five, six years ago. Q. Okay. Do you recall what court? A. It was here in Salt Lake. Q. Do you have any idea what the outcome of the case was?
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1	Page 9 Ms. Nichols to kind of review or rehash sort of the	1	Page 11 THE WITNESS: It would they're different jobs,
1 2	circumstances of this case. Have you read the	2	so it's hard to explain. They each have their own
3	Complaint?	3	function, and one has different opportunities than the
ر 4	A. No.	4	other, and they're just kind of different roles. So
- 5	Q. Have you read any of the legal filings?	5	there were things I liked about being a correctional
6	A. No.	6	officer, there are things that I didn't like, and the
7	Q. Or listen to any of the hearings?	7	same goes for being out on the road.
8	A. I have not.	8	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) What facility did you work for
9	Q. What is your understanding of what the	9	as a
10	primary allegations of the case are?	10	A. The Salt Lake City correctional facility.
11	MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague.	11	Q. Okay. The reason I ask is just I know that a
12	You can answer.	12	lot of correctional officers get tired of being in the
13	THE WITNESS: From what I understand, that we	13	facility all day every day, that sense of confinement.
14	violated Mr. Harmon's rights and the family is suing	14	I'm sort of curious if you experienced that.
15	over the alleged violations.	15	A. I was lucky because I was able to move around
16	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Okay. And you understand that	16	in different positions within the facility, so it
17	you're not a defendant?	17	wasn't, you know, it wasn't really confined because I
18	A. Yes.	18	was able to have a little bit more movement than most.
19	Q. Okay. And do you know what conduct is	19	Q. Okay. Do you recall which positions you
20	alleged to have violated Mr. Harmon's rights?	20	held?
21	A. I'm going to assume that it was when Officer	21	A. I was housing officer, I was a booking
22	Fox shot him.	22	officer, booking/intake officer, and then I was a video
23	Q. Okay. I'd like to talk to you a little bit	23	arraignment officer, and also IS liaison officer.
24	about your background as a law enforcement officer.	24	Q. And were you ever involved in any of those
25	A. Okay.	25	capacities in, like, inmate disciplinary matters?
	-		
	Page 10		Page 12
1	Q. Was Salt Lake City Police Department your	1	Page 12 A. No.
1 2	9	2	A. No.Q. Okay. Did you ever have any complaints filed
	Q. Was Salt Lake City Police Department your first law enforcement job? A. It was not.	2 3	A. No. Q. Okay. Did you ever have any complaints filed against you by inmates?
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							P	age '	13
altercation.	He's	still	in	handcuffs.	₩e	had	to	use	

- force to hold him against the wall to complete the
- search, but, you know, there were no strikes or 3
- 4 anything like that.

1

- 5 How many other corrections officers were Q. 6 present?
- 7 A. I don't remember, but easily three.
- 8 Q. Do you remember their names?
- A. I don't. 9
- 10 Sorry. Will you remind me what year you
- 11 moved on to Salt Lake City Police Department.
- 12 2014.
- Okay. And what was your original capacity 13 Q.
- with that department? 14
- 15 A. Patrol officer.
- 16 Q. And did you change positions every time?
- 17 I did.
- 18 Can you kind of walk me through your Q.
- 19 progression there.
- 20 I was a patrol officer, and then I was
- 21 assigned to the bike patrol squad, and then after I
- left the bike patrol squad. I was assigned to canine 22 23 squad.
- 24 Q. Do you recall the approximate time frames of
- 25 those positions?

- Page 14
- I don't remember when I got assigned to the 1
- 2 bike squad. It was probably after I'd been there about 3 three years. I was on the bike squad for about a year,
- and then was about two years, just under two years on 4
- 5 the canine squad.
- 6 Q. Okay. What are the differences in those
- 7 positions?
- 8 Between? A.
- 9 Q. Let's say the bike squad and the canine
- 10 squad.

21

- 11 Their job rules. So the bike squad's primary function was patrolling the parks like Liberty, Liberty 12
- 13 Park, Sugar House Park, some of the bigger parks that
- 14 don't have a lot of access by vehicle, and so we were
- assigned bicycles to ride through the different parks 15 16 and patrol those areas.
- 17 Q. Okay. Are you still functioning as a patrol
- officer in that capacity or is there a difference? 18
- 19 So the only difference is we're not call 20 responsive like the regular patrol officers were.
 - Q. Can you explain what that means.
- 22 So the call responsive means that the patrol
- 23 officer, if somebody calls 911, says I need this
- 24 assistance, that patrol officer gets assigned that call
- 25 and has to respond to that specific location and

- address whatever that situation was.
- 2 The bike patrol officers, unless it was a

Page 15

- 3 call that specifically occurred inside one of the
- parks, we were not answering those calls for service 4
- 5 because our primary job was to be proactive and
- 6 essentially be visible through the parks and help in
- 7 those capacities.
- 8 I see. So you were on the bike patrol first,
- 9 then you said canine patrol?
 - A. Correct
 - Q. Which I assume means you were in a car with
- 12 one of the canine officers?
- 13 Yeah, correct.
 - Same canine the whole time?
- 15 A. Same canine.
 - 0. Do you remember its name?
- 17 Goose. It started out with -- I started with
- 18 T-bone. His name was T-bone. He was a blood hound.
- 19 He was older and ended up retiring him, then was given
- 20 a single purpose narcotics detection dog. He was a
- 21 little Jagdterrier terrier (indicating). His name was
- 22 Dante. And then I traded my sergeant because my
- 23 sergeant was not using his patrol dog, and so he took
- Dante and then I took his patrol dog named Goose and 24
- 25 handled Goose.

Page 16 Goose was quite a handful?

- 2 Α. Yes.
- 3 I imagine that was probably difficult to --Ο.
- It's a lot of work.
- 5 -- let him go.
- 6 Yeah. It's a lot of work.
- 7 Maybe you don't feel that way, but I'm
- 8 assuming you're a dog person if you love working with
- 9 the canine unite.
 - A. I am.
- 11 So were all those dogs specifically narcotic 0.
- 12 detection dogs?
- 13 So T-bone was not a narcotics detection dog, he was a tracking dog, so his only job was to find 14
- people. Dante was that single purpose narcotics 15
- 16 detection dog and then Goose was a dual purpose dog.
- He was used for narcotics and also patrol work, so 17
- anything from searching for people, searching for 18
- 19 articles, apprehension if needed. He was kind of the
- 20 Jack of all trades.
- 21 0. When you say apprehension if needed, is
- that -- what does that mean? 22
- 23 It means letting the dog physically apprehend
- 24 the suspect or prevent him from either fleeing or
- 25 fighting any further.

	D 17		D 10
1	Page 17 Q. Did you ever have to do that?	1	Page 19 individual that you're looking for.
2	A. Yes.	2	Q. I see. Okay. So you eventually moved on
3	Q. How many times?	3	to was the canine patrol your last position?
4	A. Three.	4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And, similarly, did any of them ever help you	5	Q. And why did you move on from Salt Lake City
6	track down a suspect?	6	Police Department?
7	A. Yes.	7	A. Poor leadership. That's the short answer for
8	Q. How many times would you say?	8	it.
9	A. Easily triple that amount.	9	Q. When was that?
10	Q. That's pretty impressive. Were you involved	10	A. That would be 2020.
11	in the training at all?	11	Q. And when you say poor leadership, who are we
12	A. Yes.	12	talking about?
13	Q. What did that entail?	13	A. The chief.
14	A. A lot of work. A lot of our primary focus is	14	Q. And who was that at the time?
15	finding people because 95 percent of the time the dogs	15	A. Mike Brown.
16	were used as a search tool to try and locate somebody	16	Q. What was it that you found poor about his
17	and so there was most of our training involved us,	17	leadership?
18	the handlers, going to someplace and hiding and then	18	A. His lack of spine.
19	waiting and letting one of the other handlers use their	19	Q. Can you elaborate?
20	dog to try and locate us.	20	A. So he would — he would never make a decision
21	Q. What's the method that they used?	21	and stand by it. He would always try to he very
22	A. The method as far as?	22	much, for lack of a better term, it was a forked
23	Q. Well, I have a vague understanding from TV	23	tongue. He would tell you what you wanted to hear, but
24	and movies that you give clues about the suspect or	24	then any time that he took some sort of action, he
25	individual that you're looking for like scent. Is that	25	would do something completely different.
	Page 18		Page 20
1	Page 18 right?	1	Page 20 Q. Can you give my any examples of that?
1 2		1 2	
	right?		Q. Can you give my any examples of that? A. Well, before I left he stood and was involved in a river res — I was involved in a river rescue. He
2	right? A. Yes and no. So there's people that buy into	2	Q. Can you give my any examples of that?A. Well, before I left he stood and was involved
2 3 4 5	A. Yes and no. So there's people that buy into the scent article theory and there's a lot of people that don't. It's pretty hard to get — to teach a dog to be called what's — what is called scent	2 3 4 5	Q. Can you give my any examples of that? A. Well, before I left he stood and was involved in a river res — I was involved in a river rescue. He stood and said that me and the other officers that were involved were the epitome of what every Salt Lake City
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Page 21

- Why do you think that Chief Brown lumped you Q. 2 in together?
- 3 MS. NICHOLS: Objection, calls for speculation.
- 4 THE WITNESS: I have no idea why he would. That 5 would be a question for him.
- 6 (BY MR. LUTZ) Was that the only incident with 7 Chief Brown that was part of your motivation to leave 8 the department?
- 9 A. There were many others, but that was the 10 final straw.
 - Q. Can you tell me about any of the others?
- 12 I don't remember any of them specifically. 13 It was conglomerate of several things over, but very 14 similar circumstances. He would, you know, say hey, 15 you're doing a great job and then turn around and
- bad-mouth you right after, so got tired of it. 16 17 Was Chief Brown the acting police chief your
- 18 entire time with SLPD?

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- 19 A. No. We had -- I had one other police chief 20 and he left, and then Brown became interim, and then the permanent chief. 21
- 22 Q. Who was the previous chief?
- 23 Α Burbank.
- 24 0. And from your perspective, did the department
- 25 change in any way when Chief Brown took control?

- Page 23 That sergeant -- essentially there's two different
- lieutenants they can report to. The on-duty lieutenant
- 3 which is called watch commander. And then at the time
- 4 the city was broken up to an east and west division,
- 5 you had -- the west was called the Pioneer Precinct,
- 6 you had a Pioneer lieutenant, and then the east is the
- 7 Liberty Precinct and then you had the Liberty
- 8 lieutenant.

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- Above them were captains respectively over each side of town and then you had a -- they changed it a couple times, how they worded it, but then you had like a deputy chief that was over like the patrol bureau and then you had a deputy chief like over the investigations bureau. And then above that was the assistant chief and then the chief.
- 16 Okay. Thank you. What is the relationship 17 between the Unified Police Department and the SLCPD? 18 MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague.
- 19 (BY MR. LUTZ) Let me give you some context. 20 So in the investigation of the Harmon matter, for example, which is the only investigation I've ever 22 looked into involving the SLCPD, the Unified Police 23 Department appears to have carried out a lot of 24 investigation, basically.
- 25 A. Yes.

Page 22

MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague.

THE WITNESS: Yes and no. I mean fundamentally it was the same. I would say it was -- it'd probably be a little bit worse just from the lack of support from the administration after Brown took over.

- (BY MR. LUTZ) It sounds like you're sort of talking about a cultural change. Is there any truth to that from your perspective?
- I guess you could say that, but yeah, you know, a cultural change, and we had -- when Mike Brown took over, there was large amounts of officers that left and I just don't think he knew how to handle it appropriately.
- 14 Did you have any previous experience with 15 Mike Brown before he became chief?
- 16 I think he was -- I can't remember if he was captain or deputy chief before that. I don't remember 17 18 his exact position.
 - Q. Was he ever your supervisor?
- 20 Not directly, no. A.
- 21 Speaking of that, can we go back and just
- have you help me with something fundamental. I'm sure 22
- this is on the org chart, but can you describe for me 23
- 24 how the supervisory structure works?
 - So your patrol officers report to a sergeant.

Page 24

- 1 Q. A lot of interviews, a lot of the crime scene processing, and so I'm just wondering is that standard 3 procedure that -- is there a contractual relationship?
 - So the way that Utah operates is that any time that there's a critical incident like this case that me working for Salt Lake City cannot investigate it, you know, for obvious reasons. So the county has an agreement that if one agency is involved, then they get -- they get another agency to do the formal investigation of it.

And as far as I understand it, it's kind of like a rotation, so all of the major agencies, West Valley, Unified Police Department, Salt Lake City, and they're -- as one of these incidents occurs, whoever is on top of that list is the agency that comes in and investigates it unless it involves that agency. Then one of the other ones will come in and do it.

- Q. Okay. Thank you. That's helpful. Do you know what their geographic jurisdiction is; UPDs?
- 21 A. The County of Salt Lake.
- 22 Okay. So while Salt Lake City's limited to
- 23 the city limits, Unified is --
 - A. Correct.
- 25 -- just like a sheriffs department?

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Page 25

- Yeah. So they used to be the Salt Lake City Sheriffs Office and then eight, ten years ago they separated from the sheriffs office and created their own police department.
 - Okay. Do you know why?
- Money. I think that was the biggest factor. The sheriff at the time was trying to get more funding for everything and the county council at the time wasn't giving him any sort of funding, and so he pushed to separate the sheriffs office and create the Unified Police Department so that they could get more funding.
 - Q. Okay. Is the sheriff elected?
- 13 Α.
- 14 What was the highest rank that you attained
- 15 at the Salt Lake City Police Department?
 - Officer. A.
- 17 And what year did you say you moved on?
- 18 2020?

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- 19 2020. Α.
- 20 0. Where are you now?
- 21 Weber County Sheriffs Office. A.
- 22 Q. Where about is that?
- 23 A. North of here probably 40 miles, 50 miles.
 - And what's your position? 0.
- 25 Α. I'm a corporal.

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- Q. How are you liking it?
- 2 MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague.
- 3 THE WITNESS: It's different.
 - MR. LUTZ: Too late.
- 5 THE WITNESS: It's different. It's not as busy as 6 Salt Lake, but it's -- it's much more mellow up there.
- 7 (BY MR. LUTZ) So I imagine Salt Lake City is 8 the busiest highest volume law enforcement agency in 9
 - the state. Do you think that's right?
- A. One of them. 10
- 11 Q. You probably worked in the most intense 12 environment here?
- 13 Yeah, I would say between Salt Lake, West 14 Valley City and Ogden City, they're all pretty similar call volume wise and for the types of incidents that 15 16 they have to deal with.
- 17 Q. Do you have any plans to return here?
- 18 Not at the moment.
 - And when you were an officer here, did you
- 20 live in the city?
- 21 Α. No.

19

- 22 Where were you living? 0.
- 23 The south end of Salt Lake County.
- 24 Going back to your time as an officer here, I
- 25 quess starting with bike patrol, can you walk me

through what an average day looked like.

2 Average day would be we'd attend briefing.

3 If we -- oftentimes we'd get assigned different tasks.

If they had a transient camp that popped up in one of

5 the parks or something, we would be tagged to go down,

6 make contact with the transients, try and get them to,

7 you know, get involved with the different resources

8 that are available to them, and then potentially look

9 for any sort of criminal violations and address those

10 as needed.

11 If we didn't get assigned a specific task 12 like that, then we'd get on our bikes and we'd ride to 13 Liberty Park or we'd ride to Sugar House Park or we'd go up to the east bench along all the bike trails and 14 15 we would just patrol those areas until otherwise

- 17 Being on the bikes, what would you do if you 18 needed to make an arrest?
- 19 Call for patrol to assist. If we were close 20 enough, let's say -- typically we would drive our cars 21 with our bikes. Let's say we went to Liberty Park. We
- 22 would park our cars at Liberty Park and then we'd ride.
- 23 And then if we made an arrest that needed us to take
- 24 somebody to jail, then one of our bike patrol guys
 - would go back and get his vehicle, drive it over, and

Page 28

Page 27

- then we would get in ours. But if we were up -- if we 1
- 2 went from Liberty Park to Sugar House Park and then
- 3 down, you know, up towards Foothill and our cars were
- still at Liberty Park, we would call for patrol to come
- 5 and help us with the transport to the jail and we would just meet that officer at the jail.
- 7
- Q. Okay. Did you have a partner while you were 8 in bike patrol?
- 9 We didn't have assigned partners, but 10 typically we always made sure that we were riding in pairs. 11
- 12 In an average week in the bike patrol, how 13 many arrests were you making on average?
 - Custodial arrests or citations?
- 15 I suppose first one, then the other.
- 16 Custodial arrests maybe -- maybe two or three in a week. Citations daily. You know, it really 17 18 depends on -- depended on the volume of who's in the
- 19 park and what we were dealing with that day, so I don't
- 20 know an exact number for that.
- 21 Sure. Yeah, I'm just trying to get a general
- 22 kind of understanding. What sort of things were you 23 citing folks for?
- 24 Trespassing, smoking in the park, possession 25 of narcotics, drug paraphernalia, open containers,

	Page 29		Page 31
1	minors in possession of alcohol. Yeah, a lot.	1	to kind of guide you on how to essentially be a police
2	Q. So in 2017 you were not on the bike patrol	2	officer.
3	and not on canine patrol; right?	3	Q. In the training academy did they train you on
4	A. Correct.	4	the policies contained in the police department
5	Q. What was that position or capacity called?	5	handbook?
6	A. Patrol Officer.	6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Can you walk me through an average day as a	7	Q. All of them?
8	patrol officer.	8	A. I would like to say they trained us on all of
9	A. Again, go to go to briefing. We would	9	them, but they kind of gave us the policies and said
10	receive any sort of information from the previous shift	10	you need to know these, read them, and that was pretty
11	from our supervisors. And then there was always calls	11	much it.
12	pending and the sergeant would kind of direct us and	12	Q. Have you read the SLCPD policy manual?
13	say let's take care of this specific call, whatever it	13	A. The majority of it.
14	was, it's been holding a long time. You know, whosever	14	Q. Did you review it periodically?
15	area that is, I need you to go to that one first. And	15	A. Every so often, yeah. They would give out
16	then he'd release us from briefing and we'd start	16	they would say hey, this policy is changing and so they
17	handling all the calls for service.	17	would push out, send out an email saying, you know, you
18	Q. Who was your sergeant at that time?	18	need to acknowledge this policy that it's changed. And
19	A. Sergeant Hatch.	19	so the program that they used you could compare the old
20	Q. And was that your supervising sergeant? Was	20	policy to the new policy and see the changes, so you'd
21	he your supervising sergeant the entire time that you	21	go through and see what changed and then click that you
22	were in that patrol capacity?	22	acknowledge that the policy has been changed.
23	A. No.	23	Q. In their training database, I assume?
24	Q. How many times did that person change?	24	A. Yeah.
25		0.5	O Co I'm accuming that thou trained on use of
25	A. Pretty much every bid. So we would we	25	Q. So I'm assuming that they trained on use of
23		25	
	Page 30		Page 32
1	Page 30 would bid for our shifts every four months and most	1	Page 32 force
1 2	Page 30 would bid for our shifts every four months and most often it was a new sergeant every single four months.	1 2	Fage 32 force A. Yes.
1 2 3	Page 30 would bid for our shifts every four months and most often it was a new sergeant every single four months. Q. Okay. That's a lot.	1 2 3	Page 32 force A. Yes. Q is that correct?
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Q. According to the policy, what is unreasonable

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essentially teach you the correct ways to do it to make

sure that you're not doing things inappropriately and

Page 33

or excessive force?

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MS. NICHOLS: And I'm just going to object to the extent that you're asking him to remember exactly what the policy says and if you have it, we can take a look at it.

But you can answer to the best of your recollection.

THE WITNESS: Honestly, I don't recall what their policy says. I would imagine that it's in regards to excessive or unreasonable use of force. I do remember that it — other officers, if they see something that they consider is unreasonable or excessive, they have the duty to intervene, but I don't recall the exact language that's written into the policy.

- Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Were there any guidelines in the policy as to what things should be considered excessive or unreasonable?
- 18 MS. NICHOLS: Same objection.

19 THE WITNESS: Not that I recall. I know most of 20 the policy is based on Graham vs. Connor and they don't 21 go through and list a specific item for what they would 22 deem as excessive in the specific policy.

- Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) So there are no specific situations detailed in the policy?
- 25 A. No, not that I remember.

Page 34

- 1 Q. And you said you were -- they're based on the 2 factors in Graham v. Connor?
- 3 A. Correct.
 - Q. Were you trained on the Graham factors?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you remember what they are?
- A. So the type of the crime that is alleged to
 be committed and then the security not security, but
 the threat to either the officer or the general public,
 and then the individual has to be actively resisting
 attempts to be taken into custody.
- 12 Q. Okay. In your role now, are there policies 13 regarding unreasonable force?
 - A. Yes.

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- 15 Q. Are they substantially different than the 16 policies that were implemented with the SLCPD?
- 17 A. I would say they're pretty similar. I 18 haven't compared the verbiage word for word, but 19 fundamentally I would say they're the exact same.
- Q. Okay. What training did you receive at SLCPD regarding how to make decisions as to what is appropriate force in a given situation?
- A. In all of the defensive tactics, all the arrest techniques. They put us through a lot of, for lack of a better term, live action scenarios where, you

Page 35 know, we would be given the scenario and based off of

- 2 what the role player's response was to our stimulus,
- 3 then we would have to take that necessary action,
- 4 whatever it may be, whether it's simply putting
- 5 handcuffs on somebody or if it becomes a force on force
- $\,\,$ 6 $\,\,$ scenario to try and recognize that and deal with that
- 7 appropriately.

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- Q. What is force on force?
- A. So, like, if somebody points a gun at you,
 they don't necessarily want you pulling out a baton to
 try and take them into custody. They want you to
 protect yourself and those around you and use your
 weapon the same as as they are because if somebody's
 trying to kill you, then you have the ability to defend
 yourself.
- 16 Q. I see. Were you trained on -- scratch that. 17 It sounds like there was some sort of 18 proportionality factor --
 - A. Sure.
- 20 Q. -- in your training. Is it the higher the 21 threat, the higher -- the more reasonable it is to use 22 a greater degree of force? Is that accurate?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And in what circumstance can an SLCPD officer use deadly force?

Page 36

- A. I would say that they can use it in any at any time that they are they're in significant fear for themselves, that their life is either about to end or be seriously injured, or in the defense of others, other officers, other the public, with those same standards.
 - Q. Have you ever had to employ deadly force?
 - A. N

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- 9 Q. While you were working as an officer with 10 SLCPD, what kind of gear were you carrying?
 - A. On my vest and duty belt or?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. Obviously my service pistol, I had a taser,
 OC spray, handcuffs, and a first aid kit. Pens, paper.
 - Q. Did you have a baton?
 - A. I had one issued to me. I didn't carry it most of the time because the policy was you either had to have your you had to have one less than lethal option and that was either or excuse me two. You had taser, OC, or your baton. You had to have two of those three somewhere on you, and typically I did not carry my baton.
 - Q. Because you carried the taser instead?
 - A. I carried a taser and my OC spray.
 - Q. On what side of your body was your service

	Page 37		Page 39
1	weapon?	1	the taser you carried?
2	A. Right side.	2	A. I don't remember the model. I know that it's
3	Q. And your taser?	3	a taser brand. I think it's Taser International is the
4	A. It was also on the right side.	4	company. I don't remember exactly.
5	Q. Is that how most officers arrange that	5	Q. I'm going to hand you a document here which I
6	equipment?	6	think we'll mark as Exhibit 1.
7	A. It varies by officer. So mine deliberately	7	(Exhibit 1 marked.)
8	was set on my right side so that if I was making that	8	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Okay. So Exhibit 1 is labeled
9	conscious decision to retrieve my taser, I had to do it	9	Taser at the top. It's the user manual for the taser
10	with my nondominant hand, my left hand, and produce it	10	X26P CEW. Do you see that?
11	that way and use it that way. That way there was	11	A. I do.
12	for me in my head there was a distinction between I'm	12	Q. Does that model number look familiar to you?
13	pulling my pistol or I'm pulling my taser.	13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Based on the direction you had to reach	14	Q. And the image of the taser on the front of
15	across your body?	15	the manual?
16	A. Correct.	16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Was it important to you to be able to access	17	Q. Do you believe that this was the brand and
18	your service weapon more quickly than your taser?	18	model of the taser that you carried?
19	A. Yes.	19	A. It looks like it.
20	Q. Did you see that among other officers as	20	Q. Okay. Can you walk me through how the X26P
21	well?	21	works?
22	A. That they wanted to access their pistol or	22	MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague and calls for a
23	their taser or I don't quite understand what you're	23	narrative.
24	asking.	24	THE WITNESS: In regards to?
25	Q. Other officers employing the same sort of	25	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Suppose you have a suspect.
	Page 38		Page 40
1	Page 38 thinking and arranging those on their bodies and that	1	Page 40 A. Okay.
1 2	3	1 2	
	thinking and arranging those on their bodies and that		A. Okay.
2	thinking and arranging those on their bodies and that the service pistol would be easier to draw closer to	2	A. Okay. Q. We can
2	thinking and arranging those on their bodies and that the service pistol would be easier to draw closer to the dominant hand than the nonlethal action like the	2 3	A. Okay. Q. We can A. Sure.
2 3 4	thinking and arranging those on their bodies and that the service pistol would be easier to draw closer to the dominant hand than the nonlethal action like the taser.	2 3 4	A. Okay. Q. We can A. Sure. Q so we can nail it down better.
2 3 4 5	thinking and arranging those on their bodies and that the service pistol would be easier to draw closer to the dominant hand than the nonlethal action like the taser. MS. NICHOLS: Objection, calls for speculation.	2 3 4 5	 A. Okay. Q. We can A. Sure. Q so we can nail it down better. You have a suspect, you've determined there's
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	Tartio Olvii III		11 10 1
1	Page 41 Q. And what you're talking about there when	1	Page 43 the taser?
2	you're touching the actual pistol shape of the taser to	2	A. Correct. So the way that the taser functions
3	the subject's body, is that called the drive stun	3	is that I deploy the trigger, it gives five seconds
4	function?	4	that it runs its cycle. After that five seconds, it
5	A. Yes.	5	shuts off. If the probes are still connected and —
6	Q. Can you use the drive stun function even if	6	you can pull the trigger again and it'll run an
7	you haven't deployed the prong function?	7	additional five seconds. If you hold the trigger down,
8	A. Yes, you can, but that requires you to remove	8	it will run in continuous and it won't stop that cycle
9	the cartridge and then apply the taser to use the drive	9	unless you loose the trigger.
10	stun. If you still have the cartridge in, as soon as	10	Q. Have you ever received training on what the
11	you pull the trigger, the probes are going to go out	11	appropriate duration is with a suspect?
12	and so you can't if I try to tried to drive stun	12	A. Again, it goes back to, you know, that
13	her with that cartridge, then it's going to shoot both	13	reasonable. It's all going to be we're taught that
14	of those probes in first and then do the drive stun	14	it's going to be dependent on that specific set of
15	function.	15	facts in that scenario, but we're also taught that if I
16	Q. The record should reflect	16	have to tase somebody four and five times, then I'm
17	A. My attorney.	17	probably using the wrong tool because if it's not being
18	Q the gesture is towards Ms. Nichols.	18	effective, then why are we going to continue to use the
19	A. She was the closest individual.	19	same thing over and over again when it's not
20	MS. NICHOLS: I don't know how I feel about that.	20	being effective. We need to look for other options at
21	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) And as a clarification, when	21	that point.
22	you say the cartridge	22	Q. I see. Broadly, what is the purpose of the
23	A. Uh-huh.	23	taser?
24	Q does that refer to the tip of the taser	24	A. Broadly it is to incapacitate an individual
25	that contains the prongs?	25	so that we can take them into custody without having to
	Page 42		Page 44
1	A. Correct, it does.	1	fight them, you know, and prevent — prevent injury to
2	Q. And how many of those are there?	2	them and prevent injury to the officers involved.
3	A. The prongs or the cartridges?	3	Q. This may seem basic, but can you explain what
4	Q. The cartridges.	4	you mean by incapacitate?
5	A. Only one.	5	A. Make them unable to move. The way that the
6	Q. Are they single use?	6	taser's designed is to it produces an electrical
7	A. Single use.	7	current that causes motor dysfunction in the person's
8	Q. Did you carry additional cartridges?	8	body and makes it to where they are unable to
9	A. Not on my person.	9	physically move their — their extremities allowing us,
10	Q. But it is reloadable?	10	as the officers, to step in and move those extremities
11 12	A. Yes.	11 12	for them and put them in handcuffs.
13	Q. And to your knowledge let me try to phrase this correctly. Does the taser itself maintain a	13	Q. Okay. Can you turn to page 4 of Exhibit 1. A. (Witness complies.)
14	record of when and how it's used?	14	4, okay.
15	A. Yes.	15	Q. You see here in the middle of the page it
16	Q. Is that called anything in particular?	16	describes what it's calling neuromuscular
17	A. I know when they — I don't know if it has a	17	incapacitation?
18	specific name, but after any time that we — for Salt	18	A. Okay.
19	Lake City after any time that we used it, used the	19	Q. Is that what we're talking about?
20	taser, it required they called it a download. They had	20	A. Yes.
21	to download all the data from that taser, and it gives	21	Q. And in the manual in the description of the
22	them the duration. I believe it gives them the date	22	impact of neuromuscular incapacitation it says that
23	and the time that it was used as well and for how long.	23	"Neuromuscular incapacitation occurs when a CEW is able

24 to cause involuntary stimulation of both sensory nerves

25 and the motor nerves. It's not dependent on pain and

Q. And when you say duration, to clarify, are we

talking about how long the current is being issued from

24

Pag	e	4

- can be effective on subjects with a high level of pain 2 tolerance."
- 3 Going further down it says "A subject with a 4 very high tolerance of pain, e.g., a drug abuser, a
- 5 person with serious psychological distress, or a
- 6 trained focus fighter may not being affected by pain or
- might be able to fight through the pain of a
- 8 traditional stun gun."
 - Is that all accurate to you?
- 10 A. In my experience, yes.
- 11 Okay. Hypothetically using a taser against a
- 12 suspect with a weapon, would the incapacitation 13 produced by a taser limit their ability to use that
- 14 weapon?

- 15 MS. NICHOLS: Objection, calls for speculation.
- THE WITNESS: In a hypothetical it should, but 16
- 17 it's also my experience that tasers fail more often
- 18 than they are successful.
- 19 (BY MR. LUTZ) Okay. Let's talk about that.
- 20 How many times have you deployed your taser against a
- 21 suspect?

24

1

2

5

- 22 When I was with Salt Lake, probably six to 23 eight times. I don't remember an exact number.
 - And what about in your other law enforcement?
- 25 In Weber, once.

- Page 46
- Q. Okay. Any other times?
- A. No.
- 3 So approximately nine times. How many times Q. would you say it failed? 4
 - A. About half of those.
- 6 Can we talk through those? 0.
- 7 I don't remember the majority of them, but I
- 8 would say, um I can tell you that the times that they
- 9 did fail it was -- the individuals were either
- incredibly intoxicated off of some sort of narcotic or 10 alcohol and/or had ultra excessive baggy clothing. 11
- 12 Q. Okay. Are any of the failures that you're
- 13 describing the result of one of the prongs missing the target? 14
- 15 I did have one that the prongs missed, yes. 16 And he was -- he was a subject that was running from me
- 17 and I fired, and he decided he wanted to turn at the
- same time, and only one of the probes connected. 18 19 What's the range on the probes?
- 20 It depends on the cartridge. There's some
- 21 cartridges that have 15 feet and there's others that 22 have 30 feet.
- 23 What did you carry?
- 24 I think the ones Salt Lake issued were the
- 25 ones at 30 feet.

- Page 47
- Were you ever trained on the appropriate 1 distance for considering using the taser as an option?
- I don't recall anything specific about it, 3 but I would image, you know, they went over something 4 5 to the extent of anything over 30 feet, you're not
 - going to get a good connection.
 - 0. Right.
- 8 A. The other consideration is that both prongs 9 do not fire straight. The lower prong is at an angle 10 and so the further you are away from that subject, then
- the more likelihood that the prong is going to hit the 11 12 ground before it gets to the subject.
- 13 Okay. Going back to page 4 of the exhibit, we have this little illustration under Neuromuscular 14
- 15 Incapacitation and we can see here that these lines represent presumably the prongs. 16
- 17 Yes. A.
- 18 Q. Is that what you're describing, this
- 19 expanding angle --
- Yes, correct. 20 A.
 - Q. -- between the prongs as the distance
- 22 increases?

21

- 23 A. Right, because the desired effect -- to
- obtain the desired effect for the taser, you have to 24
- 25 incapacitate large muscle groups. So meaning that if I
- Page 48
- 1 deploy the taser and both prongs go in, but I only have
- 2 like a two to three-inch separation between those
- prongs, I'm only going to get incapacitation in those 3
- two to three inches which is going to be painful, but
- 5 it's not going to do that desired effect.
- 6 So what I'm looking for as far as
- 7 incapacitation is the first prong to go into one
- 8 location and the further, the wider I can get two,
- 9 three feet apart from that second prong is going to
- 10 allow a wider group of muscles to be affected,
- therefore, in essence, making that taser more 11
- effective. 12
- 13 0. So, ideally, something like one prong in the chest, one prong in the thigh? 14
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Do you know what CEW stands for? 0.
- 17 It is controlled electronic something or
- 18 other. I don't remember. It's their nice way of
- 19 saying taser instead of -- because there's more than
- one brand of taser. Taser International owns the word 20
- 21 taser and so they're like controlled or conducted
- 22 energy weapons or something like that is what they're
- 23 actually called.
 - Okay. You can put Exhibit 1 away.
- 25 Okay. A.

	Knis sivii i n	- 00	49 10 32
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Page 49 MS. NICHOLS: We've been going a little over an hour. Can we take a break soon? MR. LUTZ: Yeah. Absolutely. Why don't we stop and come back. MS. NICHOLS: Great. Thanks. (Recess taken from 10:10 a.m. to 10:24 a.m.) Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Okay. So we just got done talking about tasers and their implementation and you had mentioned earlier that you have never had to use delayed force on the job. A. Correct. Q. Have you ever had to discharge your service weapon? A. Only for putting down animals. Q. How many times has that occurred? A. Now that I'm in Weber, fairly often, but in Salt Lake, I never had to put an animal down in Salt Lake. Q. Did you otherwise have to draw your service weapon? A. Yes. Q. How many times? A. Too many. Fairly regularly, especially when I went to the canine squad. But starting out in	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Page 51 somebody called 911 and then hung up. That same individual texted her friend and said help me, he's going to kill me, so the friend also called in and said my friend sent me this text message. And he — she didn't know the address, so we had to — we were given a — every time you call 911, it gives you a geo location, but it gives a range. So we get the range and it was like a thousand meters, so we showed up and we were just kind of wandering through the apartment complexes trying to hear as they were working on additional information. One of the other officers found it, found the apartment, heard a struggle, breached the window, and saw an individual strangling his girlfriend. He drew his pistol, gave her — gave him command to let her go, he did, he retreated, and then came back around the corner, shot his girlfriend, and then started shooting at officers, and they exchanged gun fire with each other. Q. Was the suspect hit? A. Yes. Q. Do you know if they lived? A. He did. Yeah, he did. Q. Were any of the officers hit?
25	patrol, probably not nightly, but the further I got in	25	A. One.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Page 50 my career, the more I used it with felony stops with stolen vehicles and burglars and things like that fairly regularly. Q. Would you say hundreds of times? A. Yeah. Q. And for a felony stop in particular, would that be standard procedure? If you had a felon who stole a vehicle, you'd draw a weapon? A. Yeah, absolutely, because it's — because of	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Page 52 Q. And was that survived? A. Yeah, he was hit in the leg. Q. Do you recall who these other officers were? A. The officer that was shot was — his name was Officer Miller and the one that was at the window with me was Officer Simpson. Q. Okay. And when about was this? A. 2020. Q. You mentioned that in that scenario the
10 11 12 13 14 15	the type of offense that you're using your — you're pointing your service pistol at them and giving them commands to exit the car and taking them into custody. Just because of the high hazard that it presents. Q. Other than the case that we're discussing today, have you ever been present when another officer	10 11 12 13 14 15	officer who was pointing his service weapon at the suspect was issuing commands for that suspect to drop his weapon. Is that procedure something that's prescribed by SLCPD policy? A. Again, I don't remember what the policy specifically states, but it's — the language is

- 16 has discharged a firearm?
- 17 A. Yes.

- Q. How many times?
- 19 A. I'm trying to think of -- I think the
- 20 majority of them I was there after the fact, but at
- 21 least one other that I was there as he was discharging
- 22 his firearm.
- 23 Q. Do you recall what happened in that situation 24 specifically?
- 25 It was a 911 call that was abandoned, meaning
- 16 somewhere along the lines of, you know, commands should 17 be given, if prudent, to try to gain that suspect's 18 compliance first. It doesn't -- it's not a shall, you know, always, because, again, you can't really plan for every single situation.
- 21 Q. And so in some situations it's just not
- 22 possible to issue a command?
- 23 Correct.
 - What factors would affect your decision
 - whether or not to issue a command prior to using your

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service weapon on a suspect?

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A. What the suspect is doing. His behavior before, his behavior during, and whatever threat he presents. You know, if we're going hypotheticals, I'm on a traffic stop dealing with one individual and another car stops and a gentlemen jumps out, produces a pistol and goes to point it at me.

I may not have enough time to appropriately recognize that threat and give him a command. I may only have enough time to recognize that's a gun, I'm about to get shot, and draw my weapon and end that threat before he's able to inflict harm to me or the person that I'm on the traffic stop with.

Q. I see. Okay. Suppose you're in a situation hypothetically where you did have the opportunity to tell an armed suspect to drop their weapon and they comply. What do you do next?

A. If they --

19 MS. NICHOLS: Sorry. Objection, calls for 20 speculation.

the whole point of using force on somebody is to determine their level of compliance. If they now become compliant, then my level of force is going to lower to the appropriate level of resistance that they

THE WITNESS: Again, dealing with a hypothetical,

are doing.

So in this scenario, if I somebody produces a weapon, I challenge them, say hey, drop it, and they do, I'm going to continue to keep my pistol on them while I am going to give them additional commands to either move away from the weapon, go into a prone position where I lay them — have them lay on the ground, and then once they're on the ground, have additional officers approach and then take them into custody all while holding some sort of lethal coverage.

- Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) What do you do with the weapon?A. After the person's in custody, secure it and
- 12 A. After the person's in custody, secure it and 13 take possession of it.
 - Q. Only after the person's in custody?
 - A. Correct. Because if he's -- we're going to move him, try to remove him away from that -- that item, whatever it is. If it's a gun or a knife or a chainsaw, whatever, we're going to try to give him commands to move away from it. If he doesn't, then as we make that approach, an officer is going to have that task to secure that weapon to make sure that he does not have an opportunity to grab it again.

Now, in a perfect world we'd have, you know, five, ten officers trying to take one person into

25 custody to eliminate any sort of contingency, you know,

Page 55

1 to have multiple contingencies going. Your job is

2 this, your job is this. But sometimes you're not

3 always able to secure that weapon until after that

4 individual is in custody.

Q. I think you alluded to it, but can you tell me again why it's important to move a suspect away from the weapon that they were previously holding?

A. So that they don't have an opportunity to grab it and now pose a deadly threat again.

10 Q. And would that be the same reason that you 11 would secure the weapon in your own possession?

A. Yes

Q. And is this procedure dictated by SLCPD policy and training?

A. By policy, no. Again, the training is — is very broad and they can only, you know, we can only train for so many scenarios because we don't know all of the variables that go into each scenario, so they try to give us as much information as they can and say best practice is this. However, not every scenario is going to fall within those best practice parameters.

Q. Sure. This particular scenario though is a usual and recurring one, is it not?

MS. NICHOLS: Sorry. What particular scenario are you talking about?

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Page 56

1 MR. LUTZ: Where you've disarmed a suspect and 2 then you need to take the suspect into custody and/or 3 secure their weapon.

4 THE WITNESS: Again, you know, it's -- there's so 5 many other variables. I would not say that it's 6 normal. There are parts of it that are normal that, 7 you know, if that -- if we're unable to remove them 8 from that weapon, then we just kind of have to deal with that and, you know, I may make an approach. I may 10 not be able to get him, he's not compliant, he's not moving away from that weapon, but he's compliant enough 11 12 that I feel like we can take him into custody.

As we make that approach, me securing it may be as much as stepping on that weapon with my foot as we manipulate his hands and take him into custody. It may not always be me physically picking it up and putting it in a pocket or, you know, throwing it a distance away.

MR. LUTZ: All right.

20 THE WITNESS: There's just a lot of variables that 21 go with that.

Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Sure. But you have been trained on specific scenarios where you're securing a suspect's weapon that they've relinquished and taken the person into custody?

	Page 57		Page 59
1	A. Correct.	1	Q. What did you do once you saw Mr. Harmon ride
2	Q. But there's no policy that addresses that	2	across the lames of traffic on his bicycle?
3	specific scenario?	3	A. I activated my overhead emergency equipment
4	A. No.	4	and conducted essentially a traffic stop with him.
5	Q. Are there any policies that go into that	5	Q. And to go back, is it a crime to not have the
6	level of detail	6	bicycle taillight?
7	A. Not that I know.	7	A. Yes.
8	Q in a particular scenario?	8	Q. Do you know what level crime?
9	A. Not that I'm aware of.	9	A. I believe it's an infraction. I don't
10	Q. Okay. Let's talk about Patrick Harmon. Do	10	remember specifically, but I it could be a
11	you recall the events of August 13, 2017?	11	misdemeanor C which is the lowest level of misdemeanor,
12	A. Yes.	12	but I'm fairly confident it's an infraction.
13	Q. And what shift were you working?	13	Q. And what's the difference between an
14	A. Graveyards.	14	infraction and a low-level misdemeanor?
15	Q. And in your patrol capacity?	15	A. Low-level misdemeanor carries a penalty of
16	A. Correct.	16	jail time and infraction does not.
17	Q. And what time is the graveyard shift?	17	Q. Is an infraction sort of a way to describe a
18	A. 21:30. Sorry. 9:30 p.m.	18	civil offense?
19	Q. And what time does it end?	19	MS. NICHOLS: Objection, calls for a legal
20	A. At 07:30, so 7:30 in the morning.	20	conclusion.
21	Q. Okay. Can you walk me through what happened	21	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) Is it something that comes from
22	around 10:00 p.m. that evening.	22	a municipal code?
23	MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague and calls for a	23	A. No. So that one's actually a state code.
24	narrative.	24	Q. Okay. I understand. Okay.
25	THE WITNESS: That night we completed briefing and	25	Obviously we're going to go into what
	Page 58		Page 60
1	Page 58 our assigned area was along State Street and the	1	happened next. I know that this is not fun to talk
1 2	our assigned area was along State Street and the Liberty area of the city, and I left the police	1 2	happened next. I know that this is not fun to talk about and I know you probably don't want to talk about
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- 1 pulling over to the side of the street and stopping?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. Okay. Did he get off his bicycle at that
- 4 time?

6

- 5 A. No. He stayed on his bicycle.
 - Q. Okay. And which direction was your car
- 7 facing?
- 8 A. South.
- 9 Q. And was his bicycle facing the same
- 10 direction?
- 11 A. It was initially when I turned on my lights, 12 he kind of stopped and kind of turned it so it would be
- 13 facing east towards the roadway.
- 14 Q. Okay. Do you recall any of the nearby
- 15 businesses that were there where you stopped?
- 16 A. I can't think of the name, but I know right
- 17 where -- right in front of where we stopped it's a --
- 18 it's an old motel that is now subsidized housing for
- 19 homeless individuals, and we were right in front of
- on the state of th
- 20 their east entrance just south of their their
- 21 physical driveway.
- 22 Q. Okay. Any other residences, businesses, in
- 23 that block that you recall?
- 24 A. I don't remember the name of the business,
- 25 but I know we were just north of another brick building

- Page 63
- out and say hey, you gotta leave, and they would remove
- 2 them from their property. I think at that point.
- 3 Usually during the winter, like the fall and the
- 4 winter, they wouldn't just because it's cold, but every
- 5 so often they would see it popped up.
 - Q. Okay. None present that night?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. But possibly in the past?
 - A. Yeah, in the past, but none that night.
- 10 Q. Okay. So you get out of your car, you 11 approach Mr. Harmon?
- 12 A. Uh-huh.
- 13 Q. Does he say anything to you?
- 14 A. I don't remember what exactly he said, but I 15 asked him for the information — his information after 16 giving him the reasons for the stop, and we went from 17 there, so.
- 18 Q. Did you explain to him that you had stopped
- 19 him for a taillight infraction?
- 20 A. Yes. And for not signaling as he came across 21 the lanes of traffic.
- 22 Q. And what was his demeanor in his response to 23 you?
- 24 A. He was fairly calm with me. He didn't seem,
- 25 for lack of a better term, upset. I've experienced

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1

- that was right on the street. I don't remember all the
- 2 rest of the businesses that are now there.
- 3 Q. Okay. In the area where you stopped, was
- 4 that an area that you were regularly patrolling -
- 5 A. Yes.

1

11

- 6 Q. -- as an officer?
- 7 Is it a high crime area?
- 8 A. Yes
- 9 Q. What sorts of things would you typically
- 10 encounter in this area?
 - A. Everything from prostitution to narcotics, stolen vehicles, robberies. Pretty much everything
- 13 that you could -- you can potentially deal with, we
- 14 dealt with it.
- 15 Q. And to your recollection, was there a lot of 16 homelessness in this area?
- 17 A. It's Salt Lake, so yes. But yeah, I mean, 18 there was homeless everywhere.
- 19 Q. Do you recall specifically if there were ever
- 20 encampments or homeless folks living in tents around
- 21 this area?
- 22 A. At that time I don't think there was any
- 23 at that time, but they would pop up. There's a little
- 24 grassy knoll area and they would pop up and then the
- 25 managers and properties owners of the motel would come

- Page 64 people that as soon as I pull them over, they're like
- 2 screw you, and it turns into profanity laced, you know,
- 3 interaction. You know, I had no reason to believe that
- 4 he was angry with me or anything like that.
- 5 Q. So he wasn't hostile towards you when you 6 stopped him?
- 7 A. Not to me, no.
- 8 Q. Okay. What did he do when you asked him for
- 9 his information?
- 10 A. He provided me with a name and then I asked
- 11 him for his date of birth. And I also asked him for
- 12 his ID, but he stated that he didn't have it, and so I
- 13 took that information and went, that he did provide me,
- 14 and went to go try and verify who he was.
- 15 Q. Do you recall which -- what the name was that 16 he gave you?
- 17 A. I remember the first name that he gave me was
- 18 Peace. I don't remember the last name what he gave me,
- 19 but it was, I want to say it was Peace Harmon, but it
- 20 was something very similar to Harmon. I don't recall
- 21 exactly. But I do remember that the first name that he 22 told me was Peace.
- Q. Okay. What did you do after he gave you his name and date of birth or told you, rather, that his
- 25 name was Peace and then gave his date of birth?

	Page 65	_		Page 67
1	A. I went back to my patrol vehicle, I attempted	1	will, you know, say can any unit	come back the other
2	to verify that information through the state databases,	2	ınit.	
3	tried to find some sort of form of identification, who	3	Q. Okay. And can any off	icer respond to a call
4	he was and what his name was.	4	like that?	
5	Q. And were you successful in that effort?	5	A. Yes.	
6	A. No.	6	Q. And did any other offi	cers respond?
7	Q. What did you do next?	7	A. Yes.	
8	A. I returned back to him, had him, again,	8	Q. Who were they?	
9	provide that information, had him verify spellings and	9	A. Officer Clinton Fox and	d Officer Scott
10	the date of birth and so that in the event, because we	10	Robinson.	
11	are on the side of the road, if I misheard and I wrote	11	Q. And did you know those	officers beforehand?
12	it down wrong or something like that, I want to afford	12	A. Yes.	
13	him that opportunity to, you know, correct me. And he	13	Q. How well?	
14	provided me the information again and I again returned	14	A. Pretty well.	
15	to my car in an attempt to try and locate his ID or	15	Q. Let's talk about Office	er Fox. Were vou
16	some form of identification.	16	friends with Officer Fox?	4
17	Q. At some point you called for backup?	17	A. Yes.	
18	A. Yes.	18	Q. How long had you known	him at that noint?
19	Q. Was that before or after you were able to	19	A. Since he started with	=
20	identify Mr. Harmon in the database?	20		-
	4		don't remember when he exactly s	
21	A. Before.	21	it was 2015, so about two years,	
22	Q. Okay. Why did you call for backup?	22	Q. Okay. Did you work to	gether?
23	A. Because based off of my experience, if	23	A. Yes.	
24	somebody I can tell somebody's lying to me by how	24	Q. How often?	
25	they avoid the types of questions. Like if I were to	25	A. Every night. We were	on the same squad
	Dage CC			Dono CO
1	Page 66	1	rogether	Page 68
1	ask you, you know, for your name and birthdate and your	1	cogether.	•
2	ask you, you know, for your name and birthdate and your social security number, you're going to be able to at	2	Q. So every night over the	•
2	ask you, you know, for your name and birthdate and your social security number, you're going to be able to at least identify what your social security number is.	2 3	Q. So every night over the A. Yeah.	e course of years?
2 3 4	ask you, you know, for your name and birthdate and your social security number, you're going to be able to at least identify what your social security number is. It's pretty uncommon for people to either not know	2 3 4	Q. So every night over the A. Yeah. Q. Did you spend time with	•
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Case 2:13 EV OP 53-HICK HARMON, SR., et al. vs SALT LAKE CITY CORPORATION, et al. 44 KRIS SMITH - 06/16/2022 Page 69 Page 71 we're talking about? (BY MR. LUTZ) And you said you were friends 1 1 Q. 2 So he used to work at the Salt Lake County 2 at that point? 3 Jail with me and that's where I met him. I don't 3 Right. But I would say that, yeah, any time remember when he started down there, but since -- since that any of us would call out, typically we were going 4 4 5 his employment with Salt Lake County. 5 to go because we're the officers that know the area, 6 Okay. And did you ever spend time with 6 and in the event that I have to chase somebody down an Officer Robinson socially? alley, they're the officers that know that area better 8 A. Yes. 8 than anybody else and so they are best suited to come 9 and help. How often? 9 0. 10 Α. After we moved out of Salt Lake County, 10 0. Okay. Which officer arrived first? 11 fairly often because we moved -- ended up moving close 11 A. I don't know. I don't remember. They were 12 to each other. We have kids that are the same age and 12 both there pretty close to the same time. 13 so our -- my kids ended up playing with his kids fairly 13 Okay. And what happened after they arrived? 14 I continued to try and sort out Mr. Harmon's 14 regularly. 15 0. Still friends? 15 information. I re-approached him. If I remember 16 A. 16 correctly before they arrived, I re-approached him and 17 How often do you see Officer Robinson today? 17 that's when he gave me his correct information. And 18 Now maybe once every couple of months. I 18 then I returned to my car and as I was verifying his again moved and due to the difference, I'm going to 19 19 identity, that's when they -- they arrived. 20 chew on that word too, difference in schedules and the 20 Officer Fox went up, made contact with him, fact that I live more than an hour away from him, not 21 and Officer Robinson came to my window and, essentially

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22 very often. Okay. Are your children still friends with 23 Q. 24 his children?

25 A. Yeah.

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Α.

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Page 70

How old are your kids? They range from 6 to 14. Okay. How many? And what about Officer Robinson? He has -- he's got the two girls from his previous marriage and then he's got a stepdaughter and two stepsons on his wife's side.

9 Okay. Going back to the night in question, 10 August 13th, you put the call in for backup. Did the -- did Officers Fox and Robinson respond to you over the radio? 12

I would imagine that they did because that's how dispatch knows who's going where. If nobody responds, then dispatch would continue to ask until I got somebody at least acknowledge that they were coming.

17 18 Q. Okay. Do you have any sense that these --19 that officers -- either Officer Fox or Robinson would 20 have responded to your call because they have a 21 personal relationship with you and they personally want 22 to come help you out? 23 MS. NICHOLS: Objection, calls for speculation. 24

THE WITNESS: Because we all work on the same squad and we all work the same area.

Page 72 And then found his -- a recent booking photo

1 2 of him, found that he had an active second degree 3 felony warrant for aggravated assault with serious

trying to figure out who he was.

to gain information, and he asked me, he's like hey,

what do you got. Explained to him what was going on,

that he was providing me with false information, I was

bodily injury, told Officer Robinson that, and then 4

5 exited my car so that we could go take him into 6 custody.

7 Q. Did your system tell you when that warrant 8 was issued?

It would have. Α.

10 Do you recall when? 11

A.

0. Do you recall whether it was old?

I don't.

Would that matter in your estimation?

No. I mean, the things that we're looking for on the warrant is -- so it tells us active or served. If it shows up as served, that means that I cannot arrest that individual because they've already gone to the judge and addressed that warrant and the court has not removed that warrant from the system yet.

21 If it shows its active, that means that the 22 judge wants to speak to this individual and they want 23 me to take him into custody.

24 Was it Salt Lake City Police Department policy to arrest any individual that had an active

	Page 73		Page 75
1	warrant?	1	earlier in the evening?
2	A. No.	2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Can you explain how you would make that	3	Q. Did that upset you?
4	determination.	4	A. No.
5	A. A lot of how would you make that	5	Q. Did that have anything to do with your
6	determination depends, (a), on the level of the crime.	6	decision to arrest him?
7	So if you have a felony warrant, you are more than	7	A. Yes, because I've always taken the stance if
8	likely going to be booked into jail on that warrant	8	you're honest with me, then I'll be honest with you and
9	regardless of what the offense was. The caveat to that	9	be more fair and forgiving if you're honest. But early
10	is the Salt Lake City County Jail deals with a lot of	10	in my career if you tried to conceal your identity and
11	overcrowding issues, so oftentimes the jail will not	11	lie to me about who you are, then you get booked into
12	accept certain types of warrants. However, if it's	12	jail.
13	they will always accept a second degree felony or a	13	
14	first degree felony warrant of any kind.	14	with his accurate name on it initially, would you still
15	Q. Okay. Other than what the jail is telling	15	have arrested him?
16	you about who they can and cannot accept, did you have	16	A. On that warrant, yes.
17	discretion in whether or not you arrest an individual	17	Q. Okay. Okay. So you told Officer Robinson
18	who had an active warrant?	18	that there was a warrant out and that you were going to
19	A. Yes.	19	arrest Mr. Harmon?
20	Q. What degree of discretion?	20	A. Correct.
21	A. If it's misdemeanor defenses, traditionally	21	Q. Where was Officer Fox at this time?
22	like nonviolent like if you have a retail theft, that's	22	A. Still with Mr. Harmon.
23	more like — depending on how many times you've been	23	Q. And that's in front of your car with his
24	convicted, it's usually a class B misdemeanor.	24	bike?
25	Something like that we're not going to take somebody	25	A. Yes.
	Page 74		Page 76
1	Page 74 and book them into jail.	1	Page 76 Q. Okay. What's the distance there between the
1 2		1 2	<u> </u>
	and book them into jail.		Q. Okay. What's the distance there between the
2	and book them into jail. The caveat is, you know, if I pull somebody	2	Q. Okay. What's the distance there between the car and the bike?
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2 3 4 5	and book them into jail. The caveat is, you know, if I pull somebody up and they have 10 different warrants all for the same offense, then I may take that individual in. Especially if I'm at the Wal-Mart and I'm rearresting them on an additional offense and I look and I see hey,	2 3 4 5	Q. Okay. What's the distance there between the car and the bike? A. I don't I don't know. I don't remember. Q. Was it less than 20 feet? A. I think so. It didn't take me very long to
2 3 4 5 6	and book them into jail. The caveat is, you know, if I pull somebody up and they have 10 different warrants all for the same offense, then I may take that individual in. Especially if I'm at the Wal-Mart and I'm rearresting	2 3 4 5 6	Q. Okay. What's the distance there between the car and the bike? A. I don't — I don't know. I don't remember. Q. Was it less than 20 feet? A. I think so. It didn't take me very long to walk to him from my car, so I, mean, a rough number,
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	and book them into jail. The caveat is, you know, if I pull somebody up and they have 10 different warrants all for the same offense, then I may take that individual in. Especially if I'm at the Wal-Mart and I'm rearresting them on an additional offense and I look and I see hey, they've got 10 misdemeanor warrants for all the same offense, then yeah, I'm probably going to arrest that person and take them and book them into jail. If I pull you over because you have a taillight and you have that same one retail theft case that's a warrant, I may — I may just advise you and say hey, you do have a warrant out for your arrest, it's with this court, you need to contact this court to get it taken care, and — and release them. Q. So are you making an assessment on the seriousness of the offenses presented? A. Yes. Q. So why did you decide to arrest Mr. Harmon? A. Because it was a second degree felony for an aggravated assault. Q. Have you ever come across an individual with	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q. Okay. What's the distance there between the car and the bike? A. I don't — I don't know. I don't remember. Q. Was it less than 20 feet? A. I think so. It didn't take me very long to walk to him from my car, so I, mean, a rough number, sure. Q. Okay. Ten to 20 feet? A. Yeah. Again, I don't remember. It was close. If I'm conducting the stop, I want to — I've always tried to give myself a little bit of space because there's a reactionary distance, plus you're taught that when you pull somebody over on a traffic stop, your car needs to be positioned in such a way that if somebody comes and rear ends you, that the car doesn't come and — my car that's parked doesn't hit me and, you know, who you're talking to. So yeah, again, I don't remember the exact feet. Q. Okay. So you get out of the car on the driver's side, obviously? A. Uh-huh.

	KRIS SMITH	- 06	/16/2022 // to 80
	Dava 77		Davis 70
1	Page 77 Q. You walk up to Officer Fox, the bicycle, and	1	Page 79 Q. Officer Robinson walks around his left side,
2	Mr. Harmon who's facing back towards you?	2	Mr. Harmon's left side, so you and Officer Robinson are
3	A. Yes.	3	now behind Mr. Harmon?
4	O. You told Mr. Harmon he has a warrant?	4	A. Uh-huh.
5	A. Uh-huh.	5	Q. You take Mr. Harmon's well, he removes his
6	Q. Did you say anything else to him?	6	backpack?
7	A. I directed him, I said hey, you've got a	7	A. Yes.
8	warrant, I need you to take the backpack off and put	8	Q. He's compliant in that way?
9	your hands behind your back.	9	A. Correct.
10	Q. And how did he respond to that?	10	Q. You take Mr. Harmon's right arm and move it
11	A. He started to cry and I don't remember	11	behind Mr. Harmon's back?
12	exactly what he said, but along the lines of, you know,	12	A. Correct.
13	don't do this. Essentially, don't do this to me, man.	13	Q. Officer Robinson does the same thing with his
14	Again, reiterated it's nothing personal, just the judge	14	left arm?
15	really wants to see you, you've got the warrant, and	15	A. (Nods head.)
16	again directed him to put your hands behind your back.	16	Q. Moves it behind Mr. Harmon's back, Officer
17	Q. And he was wearing a backpack at that time?	17	Robinson starts applying the handcuffs to his left arm
18	A. Correct.	18	correct?
19	Q. Do you recall what else he was wearing?	19	A. I don't remember. I do remember that I was
20	A. Not specifically. I know he was clothed,	20	reaching for my handcuffs and it was when I touched my
21	but, yeah, I don't — I don't remember anything	21	handcuff case that he decided that he was going to
22	specific about his clothing.	22	bolt.
23	Q. Okay.	23	Q. So some seconds after you and Officer
24	A. He did have a Mardi Gras necklace on. I do	24	Robinson pulled Mr. Harmon's hands behind his back,
25	remember that.	25	you're beginning to apply the handcuffs, or at least
23	Tellember that.	25	you be beginning to appry the handculls, of at least
	Page 78		Page 80
1	Q. Like a beaded?	1	Officer Robinson is, you are reaching for your
2	A. Yeah. It was a beaded with a clown on it.	2	handcuffs, Mr. Harmon brings his arms back to the front
3	Q. Okay. Okay. So did you and either of the	3	of his body and begins running away from you?
4	other officers discuss how you were going to arrest	4	A. Correct.
5	Mr. Harmon as in which of you is going to apply the	5	Q. And where is Officer Fox in relation to
6	handcuffs, things of that nature?	6	Mr. Harmon when that action starts?
7	A. Discuss, no. We'd worked around each other	7	A. Still in front of him.
8	long enough that if I'm if I'm the arresting	8	Q. So Mr. Harmon runs directly away from you
9	officer, then I'm going to be doing all that physical	9	past Officer Fox a short distance and then turns to his
10	work. So placing the handcuffs on him is going to come	10	own left; correct?
11	from me because I'm the one that's "arresting" him.	11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Were you the arresting officer?	12	Q. And effectively makes a 180-degree turn?
13	A. I would be, yes.	13	A. I would say when he we're in the road, he
14	Q. What is that based on?	14	turns to his left and is now running west. When he got
15	A. Whoever essentially whoever's going to	15	to the sidewalk, he began — turned to his left and was
16	take the case and book them into jail.	16	now running south. So, I mean, 290, he's making 180
17	Q. Did you decide that that would be you because	17	degrees, but yes.
18	you were the one to stop him in the first place?	18	Q. Sure. Exactly. And during this time
19	A. Yeah, that's typically how it goes is whoever	19	Mr. Harmon has a cigarette in his mouth, a lit
20	initiates the contact is traditionally going to be the	20	cigarette?
		21	A. Yes.
21	arresting officer.		
21 22 23	Q. Officer Fox is in front of Mr. Harmon? A. Uh-huh.	22 23	Q. So Mr. Harmon has made this wide 90-degree turn, he's now facing Officer Robinson who's more or

24 less in front of him, you are in front of Mr. Harmon to

25 Mr. Harmon's left, Mr. Harmon runs south?

You walk around Mr. Harmon's right side?

24

25

Yes.

A.

	Page 81		Page 83
1	A. He runs south, but I think Officer	1	taser.
2	Robinson so when he ran, I don't know where how	2	Q. Okay. So you deploy your taser?
3	Officer Robinson ended up, where he did, but after he	3	A. Yes.
4	ran in between us all, I remember Officer Robinson	4	Q. Did it impact him?
5	being behind him and and it was me, Officer Fox, and	5	A. I believe so.
6	then Officer Robinson. So I don't know how he ended up	6	Q. Was he moving away from you when you deployed
7	there, but at some point Officer Robinson falls and	7	your taser?
8	then that's when Mr. Harmon continues to run south.	8	A. No.
9	Q. Okay. So Mr. Harmon runs south, Officer	9	Q. What was he doing?
10	Robinson ends up on his but on the grass to	10	A. Right before he — right before I deployed
11	Mr. Harmon's right?	11	the taser, I watched him stop and turn, try to try
12	A. Correct.	12	to turn and face back towards us.
13	Q. During this time Officer Fox is reaching for	13	Q. Now, did he actually stop moving away from
14	Mr. Harmon on his left side, Officer Fox draws his gun	14	you?
15	about the same time you draw your taser. Mr. Harmon	15	A. Again, I saw him plant and try to turn back
16	makes it past you about 12 feet?	16	towards us.
17	MS. NICHOLS: Objection. Compound, vague and	17	Q. And what do you mean by plant?
18	ambiguous, assumes facts not in evidence, potentially	18	A. So using — when you're running or doing
19	misstates evidence.	19	anything like if I want to pivot on my feet, I'm
20	You can answer.	20	going to have to put a foot out in front to turn and
21	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) How far away was he? How far	21	stop that forward momentum enough that I can change
22	away from him, Mr. Harmon, were you when you released	22	direction.
23	your taser?	23	Q. Okay. So he planted and pivoted?
24	A. When I drew my taser?	24	A. Yes. He started to.
25	Q. Uh-huh.	25	Q. In what direction?
	Page 82		Page 84
1	A. I have no idea. Close enough that I felt	1	Page 84 A. Started turning towards me, so over — that
1 2	A. I have no idea. Close enough that I felt that it was going to be an effective tool, but yeah,	2	A. Started turning towards me, so over — that would be over his left.
2 3	A. I have no idea. Close enough that I felt that it was going to be an effective tool, but yeah, I — I honestly don't remember.	2 3	A. Started turning towards me, so over — that would be over his left. Q. Okay. What else did you observe?
2 3 4	A. I have no idea. Close enough that I felt that it was going to be an effective tool, but yeah, I — I honestly don't remember. Q. But we know it would have been between — it	2 3 4	A. Started turning towards me, so over — that would be over his left. Q. Okay. What else did you observe? A. As soon as that occurred, I saw a good target
2 3 4 5	A. I have no idea. Close enough that I felt that it was going to be an effective tool, but yeah, I — I honestly don't remember. Q. But we know it would have been between — it wouldn't have been more than 15 feet. Or could it have	2 3 4 5	A. Started turning towards me, so over — that would be over his left. Q. Okay. What else did you observe? A. As soon as that occurred, I saw a good target area because as he's turning, I saw an opportunity to
2 3 4 5	A. I have no idea. Close enough that I felt that it was going to be an effective tool, but yeah, I — I honestly don't remember. Q. But we know it would have been between — it wouldn't have been more than 15 feet. Or could it have been up to 30 based on —	2 3 4 5 6	A. Started turning towards me, so over — that would be over his left. Q. Okay. What else did you observe? A. As soon as that occurred, I saw a good target area because as he's turning, I saw an opportunity to deploy the taser and so I did.
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	Page 85		Page 87
1	time?	1	see Mr. Harmon manifest hostile intentions?
2	A. Simultaneous, yes.	2	A. Towards me, no.
3	Q. Did you see anything in Mr. Harmon's hands?	3	Q. Towards anybody?
4	A. No.	4	A. No.
5	Q. Did Mr. Harmon move back towards you?	5	Q. Can you describe his body language in the
6	A. What do you mean?	6	moments prior to you firing your taser?
7	Q. You said that he planted and began to pivot.	7	A. I mean, what do you mean describe his body
8	Did he actually move back towards you or Officer Fox?	8	language? I mean, he's actively running, he's, you
9	A. He did not have the time to.	9	know, he was distraught. We went from being calm
10	Q. Why not?	10	during the majority of our interaction to now he's
11	A. Because I had tased him and Officer Fox had	11	distraught, now he's actively trying to flee and resist
12	fired his service weapon.	12	efforts to go, he doesn't want to go to jail. Nobody
13	Q. Okay. And at no point in the interaction up	13	wants to go to jail. I don't know what much more in
14	to this time did you observe anything in Mr. Harmon's	14	regards to body language.
15	hands?	15	Q. Is he doing anything with his hands or arms
16	A. I did not.	16	at the moment that he pivoted and turned to his left
17	Q. When Mr. Harmon began running away from you,	17	prior to you deploying a taser?
18	did you see Mr. Harmon reaching for his pockets?	18	A. I don't remember.
19	A. I saw him start reaching towards his waist.	19	(Mr. Riley entered the proceedings.)
20	I also heard him say that I'm going to stab or cut. I	20	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) What happened after well,
21	don't specifically recall what was first, the stab or	21	first, how many times did Officer Fox fire his weapon?
22	cut, but I remember hearing that but not processing	22	A. Three.
23	that until after the fact.	23 24	Q. Did all of those shots impact Mr. Harmon? A. As far as I know.
24 25	Q. Okay. Did you believe that Mr. Harmon was armed at the time you fired your taser?	25	
23	armed at the time you filled your caser:	25	Q. Okay. And what happened then?
_	Page 86	_	Page 88
1	A. I did not.	1	A. After he went to the ground, Officer Fox
2	A. I did not.Q. And at the time that Mr. Harmon said words to	2	A. After he went to the ground, Officer Fox — not Officer Fox, Officer Robinson went and applied
2	A. I did not. Q. And at the time that Mr. Harmon said words to the effect of I'll stab or I'll cut you, you don't	2	A. After he went to the ground, Officer Fox — not Officer Fox, Officer Robinson went and applied handcuffs, I called on the radio for additional
2 3 4	A. I did not. Q. And at the time that Mr. Harmon said words to the effect of I'll stab or I'll cut you, you don't remember which one it is?	2 3 4	A. After he went to the ground, Officer Fox — not Officer Fox, Officer Robinson went and applied handcuffs, I called on the radio for additional assistance and to start an ambulance that we had one
2 3 4 5	A. I did not. Q. And at the time that Mr. Harmon said words to the effect of I'll stab or I'll cut you, you don't remember which one it is? A. Correct.	2 3 4 5	A. After he went to the ground, Officer Fox — not Officer Fox, Officer Robinson went and applied handcuffs, I called on the radio for additional assistance and to start an ambulance that we had one individual that had been shot.
2 3 4	 A. I did not. Q. And at the time that Mr. Harmon said words to the effect of I'll stab or I'll cut you, you don't remember which one it is? A. Correct. Q. And he had a cigarette in his mouth during 	2 3 4 5 6	A. After he went to the ground, Officer Fox — not Officer Fox, Officer Robinson went and applied handcuffs, I called on the radio for additional assistance and to start an ambulance that we had one individual that had been shot. Q. So Officer Robinson approached — well, let's
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	B 00		D 01
1	Page 89 Q. You didn't see a knife on the ground at all?	1	Page 91 back and started really cutting his other pant leg off,
2	A. I did not.	2	the large amounts of blood I knew that it was not going
3	Q. Do you know what knife I'm talking about?	3	to be a high likelihood of survivability.
4	A. I've seen the picture since then, so I can	4	O. Where had he been hit?
5	assume that it's the one that they took the photograph	5	A. I remember seeing one in the arm, one in the
6	of.	6	butt cheek, and one in the leg.
7	Q. But you never saw it?	7	Q. Do you recall which arm?
8	A. Never saw it.	8	A. I think it would be his left. Yeah, his left
9	Q. During this prior to opening fire, did	9	arm.
10	Officer Fox say anything to Mr. Harmon or you or	10	Q. And which butt cheek?
11	Officer Robinson about a weapon?	11	A. I don't remember.
12	A. Not that I recall.	12	Q. Do you recall which leg?
13	Q. Did he say anything to Officer Fox I'm	13	A. I think the right. I don't I don't
14	sorry, Mr. Harmon or Officer Robinson about a knife?	14	remember.
15	A. Not that I recall.	15	Q. Okay. Who cut his clothes off?
16	Q. Did Officer Fox say anything at all prior to	16	A. Officer Fox.
17	opening fire?	17	Q. Walk me through what happened as you're
18	A. Having watched the video after the fact, yes.	18	trying to apply emergency medicine.
19	Q. Do you recall what he said?	19	A. We've called for additional help at that
20	A. Something to the extent of I will fucking	20	point. I remember telling both Officer Fox and Officer
21	shoot you or I will fucking kill you. Something like	21	Robinson hey, we need to start trying to find I
22	that.	22	think I said in the video hey, we need to find the
23	Q. And how soon after he said that did he open	23	holes. Officer Fox starts cutting his pants because I
24	fire?	24	had tried to pull them down and that wasn't working, so
25	A. From watching the video, pretty close after	25	Officer Fox just used his knife, cut them, and then we
	D 00		D 00
1	Page 90	1	Page 92
1	that.	1 2	had additional officers start to show up.
2	that. Q. Was it less than five seconds?	2	had additional officers start to show up. And then I don't remember who it was, but one
2 3	<pre>that. Q. Was it less than five seconds? A. Yes.</pre>	2	had additional officers start to show up. And then I don't remember who it was, but one started to apply a tourniquet to his leg. And then at
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Page 93 Page 95 And Mr. Harmon is alive at that time? Can you describe for me what the physical 1 0. 1 2 When we initially contacted him, yes, but 2 layout is on your body. 3 having dealt with similar circumstance, he wasn't there 3 So at -- so at the time it was the collar 4 for much longer. 4 cameras, so you had a battery pack that you had to put 5 5 Q. At any point in the time that you guys are inside your shirt and then you had to run a wire 6 applying emergency medical procedures in close 6 through your shirt up and around, and then there was 7 proximity to Mr. Harmon, did Officer Fox mention a 7 like a little magnet strip that you clip to your 8 collar, and then the camera sat up here on your neck knife? 8 9 9 (indicating). A. No. 10 0. During that same time period, did Officer 10 Ο. Okay. And where's the control module? 11 Robinson mention a knife? 11 A. On that battery pack. 12 Not that I remember. 12 Okay. At what point in your interaction with 13 Ο. Did either officer ever mention a knife? 13 Mr. Harmon did you activate yours? 14 While we're trying to give aid, no. 14 I think it was like the second time, close to A. 15 Before you left the scene, did anyone mention 15 the second time that I went up and started talking to 16 a knife to you? 16 him. 17 No. 17 Okay. Is there a policy or procedure that A. 18 18 applies to when you were supposed to activate it? Q. Given what we discussed earlier about 19 securing weapons from suspects who have relinquished 19 A. There is. 20 them, had those officers -- had Officer Fox known there 20 Ο. When is that? was a knife in your, you know, within reaching distance 21 When you make contact with anybody. 2.1 A. 22 of Mr. Harmon who was alive at the time, would you have 22 Okay. So it's -- the camera, how big is the 23 expected him to mention it? 23 camera? 24 It would have been nice to know, but for 24 Α. I mean, that one is only like three inches 25 whatever reason, he didn't. 25 long and maybe like an half inch by half an inch wide Page 94 Page 96 1 Would you have expected him to secure it? 1 and tall. 2 In a perfect scenario, yes, but now we're 2 Q. And it sits on the lapel of your collar? 3 moving from simply trying to take somebody into custody 3 Yeah. Just had the magnet and then it sat A. to now we have to render aid to this individual and so 4 right here (indicating). 5 our focus shifts. You know, I think the higher 5 Okay. So it's pretty close to your eye priority becomes trying to maintain this individual's 6 level? 7 7 life over securing the weapon specifically since he's Yes. Α. 8 not making -- taking any sort of active action to try 8 It's not -- there are versions of these 9 and reacquire that item. 9 cameras that cover the chest; right? 10 So, again, I never saw it, so I can't -- I 10 A. Correct. 11 don't know why they didn't. All I can tell you is that 11 Okay. So the view that you're getting from 0. 12 after it was fired, all of our attention was to try and the lapel camera is only a few inches down from your 12 13 render aid to get him taken care of as best as we 13 eye line; right? 14 could. 14 Typically. A. 15 15 Q. Want to take a break? Okay. 16 Α. Yes, please. 16 Oftentimes you'd get -- because the wire, 17 sometimes if you moved wrong or you sat in the car 17 Q. Okay. Thank you. 18 (Recess taken from 11:33 a.m. to 11:53 a.m.) 18 wrong, then the wire had a tendency to get pulled on 19 (BY MR. LUTZ) I have some questions now about 19 and so then you'd have the camera and it'd be pointing 20 up like at your cheek or at the ground if you bumped it 20 your body camera. 21 21 A. Okay. 22 It's the Axon brand? 22 0. Okay. You've reviewed your body camera 23 Yes. I think. 23 Α. footage from the incident with Mr. Harmon; right? 24 The one that you're wearing? 24 A. Yes.

25

How many times?

25

Yeah.

A.

	Dago O	7	Dago 00
1	Page 9 A. Maybe half a dozen.	1	Page 99 Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) While I try to deal with this,
2	Q. From your view, does it appear to you that	2	have you ever been to Price?
3	that your camera was in the correct position?	3	A. Price, Utah?
4	A. Looks like it.	4	Q. Uh-huh.
5	Q. Pretty much in line with your eye level?	5	A. I've driven through it.
6	A. Yeah.	6	Q. Have you ever been to Castleview Hospital?
7	Q. Okay. When did you first see the video?	7	A. No, not that I can think of.
8	A. When they released it to the media, so 10	8	Q. Do you know anyone who works for Castleview
9	days after.	9	Hospital?
10	Q. That was the first time you saw your own?	10	A. Huh-uh.
11	A. Yes.	11	Q. Or have you ever?
12	Q. Did you watch either of the other officers?	12	A. Hm-mm.
13	A. Yeah. All the all the footage that they	13	Q. Any idea if Officer Fox ever worked there?
14	released.	14	A. Huh-uh.
15	Q. Did you give a statement to investigators	15	Q. Same thing for Officer Robinson?
16	after the incident?	16	A. Yeah, I have no idea.
17	A. I did.	17	Q. Do you know if either Officer Fox or Officer
18	Q. Had you seen the footage prior to giving that	18	Robinson worked as an EMT in their previous careers?
19	statement?	19	A. I know Officer Fox does the volunteer fire
20	A. I had not.	20	department. I don't know I would imagine being on
21	Q. What date did you provide a statement to	21	the volunteer fire department, but I don't know
22	investigators?	22	specifically.
23	A. The same day.	23	Q. Okay. You've never worked as an EMT?
24	Q. And who interviewed you?	24	A. I have.
25	A. Unified Police.	25	Q. You have?
	Page 9	,	D 400
1	Q. Do you remember which officers?	, l	A. Yes.
1 2			¥
	Q. Do you remember which officers?	1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Do you remember which officers?A. I don't.	1 2	A. Yes. Q. Okay. Where?
2 3	Q. Do you remember which officers?A. I don't.Q. Was that investigation recorded? Or, I'm	1 2 3	A. Yes. Q. Okay. Where? A. For the Unified Fire.
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	Page 101		Page 102
1	your limitations. I'm not going to go back a hundred	1	Page 103 near Mr. Harmon on the ground.
2	yards and try to use my pistol because even world class	2	A. Uh-huh.
3	competition shooters are not going to be accurate at a	3	Q. Are you aware that that knife was tested for
4	hundred yards with a pistol.	4	latent fingerprints and DNA?
5	Q. Right.	5	A. I'm not aware.
6	A. So it was more understanding your limitations	6	Q. Have you ever seen lab reports?
7	on where you're confident and shooting to be able to	7	A. I have not.
8	accurately address the threat that's posed to you.	8	Q. I'm sorry, let me specify. A lab report
9	Q. Conversely, can you be too close for the	9	addressing a latent fingerprint test or a DNA test?
10	proper use of your firearm to a suspect?	10	A. In regards to that knife?
11	A. I would say no.	11	Q. In regards to any, in any of your criminal
12	Q. If a suspect's standing right in front of	12	investigations.
13	you, still appropriate to draw?	13	A. Not that I can think of.
14	A. If I — if he presents a deadly or lethal	14	Q. Okay. So that's never come up in any case
15	force situation, then yes, we're taught that you can	15	that you've testified in, a weapon or a piece of
16	draw from the holster and instead of coming out and	16	evidence with the suspect's fingerprints or DNA?
17	presenting at a full draw, meaning arms all the way	17	A. Off the top of my head, no. I know there's
18	extended pointing, I can come out of the holster and	18	been cases that involved that, but I'm not the one
19		19	,
	still accurately put rounds on — on the individual	20	that's doing the testing. And so I know that when that
20	while keeping the gun close to my side so that I'm		has been involved, it's usually the crime lab
21 22	maintaining control over that lessening the opportunity he has to try and obtain my weapon from me	21 22	technician that's — that's testified to that, so.
23	(indicating).	23	Q. Okay. When was the last time you watched any
23	Q. And you were just demonstrating by holding	24	of the live body cam footage from that day? A. Last Wednesday.
25	your hand kind of up against your rib cage close to the	25	Is that when we met (to Ms. Nichols)?
25	your hand kind of up against your fix cage close to the	23	To chief which we had (co ris. Micholo).
	Page 102		Page 104
1	Page 102 chest?	1	Page 104 Last week when I met with Katie.
1 2	chest? A. Yes.	1 2	
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	Page 105		Page 107
1	it?	1	case with Officer Robinson, did Officer Robinson ever
2	A. No.	2	mention the presence of a knife?
3	Q. Did you ask?	3	A. I don't remember.
4	A. No.	4	Q. Do you know whether or not Officer Robinson
5	Q. Why not?	5	believes he saw a knife?
6	A. I don't know. Probably because I was still	6	A. That I don't know.
7	trying to process everything that that's happened.	7	Q. It's never come up in any of your
8	Q. Did you feel any obligation to look out for	8	conversations?
9	him?	9	A. Huh-uh.
10	MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague.	10	Q. Despite not having seen a knife at the scene
11	THE WITNESS: Look out for him in what regard?	11	at any time, you said you became aware that one was
12	Q. (BY MR. LUTZ) I mean, if there's a piece of	12	found when it was released on the news?
13	evidence on the scene that could presumably justify a	13	A. Correct.
14	shooting had he seen it, did you feel any obligation as	14	Q. Did you see a picture of it?
15	his friend to go with that version of events that would	15	A. Yes.
16	justify the shooting keep him out of trouble?	16	Q. I'm just going to hand you this will be 2.
17	A. If I did, I would have said that I saw the	17	(Exhibit 2 marked.)
18	knife.	18	O. (BY MR. LUTZ) Please take a look at Exhibit 2
19	Q. I see. When did you have this first	19	here which is SLCPD 001769. Does that look like the
20	conversation with Officer Fox?	20	picture that you saw of the knife that was allegedly
21	A. The following day.	21	recovered?
22	Q. How many additional conversations did you	22	A. Yes.
23	have on that subject?	23	Q. Do you recognize the knife depicted in
24	A. Going over everything that occurred, probably	24	Exhibit 2 from anywhere else?
25	just that one. Everything since then has been	25	A. No.
	just that the last area area area.		
	Page 106		Page 108
1	Page 106 notifications of litigation and things along that	1	Page 108 Q. Have you ever seen it before?
1 2	notifications of litigation and things along that nature.	1 2	Q. Have you ever seen it before? A. No.
	notifications of litigation and things along that		Q. Have you ever seen it before?
2	notifications of litigation and things along that nature.	2	Q. Have you ever seen it before? A. No.
2 3	notifications of litigation and things along that nature. Q. So you and Officer Fox had a conversation	2 3	Q. Have you ever seen it before?A. No.Q. Okay. Do you recognize any of the features
2 3 4	notifications of litigation and things along that nature. Q. So you and Officer Fox had a conversation about what had happened prior to your statement to	2 3 4	Q. Have you ever seen it before? A. No. Q. Okay. Do you recognize any of the features of that knife?
2 3 4 5	notifications of litigation and things along that nature. Q. So you and Officer Fox had a conversation about what had happened prior to your statement to investigators?	2 3 4 5	Q. Have you ever seen it before? A. No. Q. Okay. Do you recognize any of the features of that knife? MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague. THE WITNESS: I mean, it's a handle and a blade. Looks like a folding knife.
2 3 4 5 6	notifications of litigation and things along that nature. Q. So you and Officer Fox had a conversation about what had happened prior to your statement to investigators? A. No. My statement was that night.	2 3 4 5 6	Q. Have you ever seen it before? A. No. Q. Okay. Do you recognize any of the features of that knife? MS. NICHOLS: Objection, vague. THE WITNESS: I mean, it's a handle and a blade.
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			1
1	Page 109 that were presented in relation to some of my canine	1	Page 111 that I had no idea that they had even been filed.
2	bites both which the disposition on those was I was	2	Q. Was that recently?
3	exonerated from any sort of policy violation or any	3	A. No. That was — I don't remember the exact
4	sort of wrongdoing.	4	dates, but it's been several years.
- 5		5	
6	Q. Were those citizens initiated complaints? A. No. Those were department issued.	6	Q. How did you learn about them recently? A. In our trial prep. Or deposition prep.
7		7	
0	~ 1		Q. Okay. At the time they were filed, nobody
8	A. 2020 was when they were, I think, initiated.	8	from the department informed you that a complaint was
9	Q. And starting with the first one in time, do	9	filed against you?
10	you remember when in 2020 it was?	10	A. None.
11	A. It would have been September of 2020 is when	11	Q. So, I take it, none of those complaints were
12	they were initiated.	12	sustained against you?
13	Q. Okay. And what were the allegations?	13	A. No.
14	A. Excessive use of force.	14	Q. Okay. I think that's all that I have for you
15	Q. What happened?	15	today. We'll turn it back to your attorney.
16	A. Both canine deployments used the canine to	16	MS. NICHOLS: Yeah. Could I take a three-minute
17	apprehend suspects and take them into custody. It all	17	break and just confer and I'll see if I have any
18	related to that the other canine handler issue that	18	questions?
19	we talked about earlier. The department went through	19	MR. LUTZ: Sure.
20	and reviewed everything for the last five years and	20	MS. NICHOLS: Thanks.
21	said we feel like these two are possible violations, so	21	(Recess taken from 12:25 p.m. to 12:31 p.m.)
22	they submitted them to internal affairs to review.	22	MS. NICHOLS: I don't have any questions. We
23	Q. No disciplinary action	23	would like to read and sign.
24	A. None.	24	MR. LUTZ: Just one final thought. We'll talk
25	Q taken for that?	25	about the IA interviews.
	Page 110		Page 112
1	A. No.	1	MS. NICHOLS: Okay.
2	Q. Were the suspects injured in those incidents?	2	MR. LUTZ: In the event that there's a new one
3	A. Yes.	3	there that we weren't able to discuss today, can we
4	Q. Can you describe the injuries.	4	open this again for that purpose?
5	A. Dog bite.	5	MS. NICHOLS: We can talk about it. I mean, I
6	Q. To where?	6	might object to that, but.
7	A. One was on the arm and then the other one was	7	MR. LUTZ: I just want to put it on the record
8	a leg.	8	that we're going do that, so we'll confer.
9	Q. Did either of those incidents require the	9	MS. NICHOLS: Yeah, that sounds great. Okay.
10	suspect's hospitalization?	10	(The proceedings ended at 12:32 p.m.)
11	A. No. They're by protocol they're taken to	11	
12	the hospital and evaluated because the jail will not	12	
13	accept anybody that's been untreated that has open	13	
14	wounds and things like that, so they're taken to the	14	
		1 -	
15	hospital and then after they're released, then booked	15	
15 16	hospital and then after they're released, then booked into jail.	16	
16	into jail.	16	
16 17	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a</pre>	16 17	
16 17 18	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of excessive force?</pre>	16 17 18	
16 17 18 19	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of excessive force? A. Not that I know of.</pre>	16 17 18 19	
16 17 18 19 20	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of excessive force? A. Not that I know of. Q. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen</pre>	16 17 18 19 20	
16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of excessive force? A. Not that I know of. Q. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of another departmental policy violation?</pre>	16 17 18 19 20 21	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of excessive force? A. Not that I know of. Q. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of another departmental policy violation? A. Yes.</pre>	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>into jail. Q. Okay. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of excessive force? A. Not that I know of. Q. Have you ever been the subject of a citizen complaint of another departmental policy violation? A. Yes. Q. Can you tell me about that.</pre>	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	

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	Dani- 440
1	Page 113
-) ss.
2	COUNTY OF SALT LAKE)
3	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
4	I, Amanda Richards, certified shorthand reporter
5	for the State of Utah, certify:
6	That the deposition of the witness herein was
7	taken before me at the time and place herein set forth,
8	at which time the witness was by me duly sworn to
9	testify the truth; that the testimony of the witness
10	and all objections made and all proceedings had of
11	record at the time of the examination were
12	stenographically reported and transcribed by me.
13	That the foregoing transcript, as transcribed by
14	me, is a full, true and correct record of my
15	stenographic notes so taken; that review of the
16	transcript by the witness was requested pursuant to
17	Rule 30(e) of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
18	I further certify that I am neither counsel for
19	nor related to any party to said action, nor in anywise
20	interested in the outcome thereof.
21	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name
22	below this 5th day of July 2022.
23	72
•	Amanda Richards
24	
	Amanda Richards, CSR
25	
_~	Page 114
1	Page 114 WITNESS CERTIFICATE
1	WITNESS CERTIFICATE
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